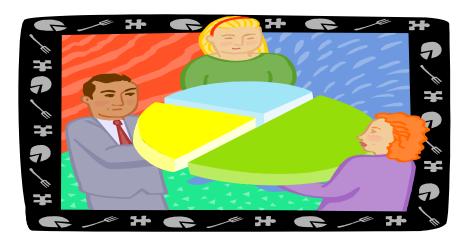


A. Identifying a target market by dividing the market into segments according to customer needs and characteristics



Market segmentation helps marketers sell more efficiently. HOW?





Geographics

Psychographics Roctuct Benefits



Characteristics about the consumer:

76 million "Baby Boomers" 1946- 196451% of wealth40 million "Generation X"1965- 1976Conservative \$77 million "Generation Y"1977- 1997Computerized



Research indicates that there are almost 2 women to Each guy in the United States.

Disposable income: \$ after taxes Discretionary income: \$ after paying all living costs



US Population is changing: California 1st state that Caucasians are the minority.



Geographic Variables - statistics about where people live

people who live in the same area have similar needs



It is said that ¹/₂ of the American population will be living in CA, TX and FL. Why do you think this would be true or false? Businesses look at 4 states for Hispanic markets: NY, TX, CA, and FL

Psychographic Variables

- personalities and lifestyles
 - used when segmentation by age and sufficient
 - involves family criteria
 - focuses on attitudes and values





Have values changed in the past 10 years?

How has this influenced marketers?

What are some of the value changes?



Segmenting the market by what does the product do for you.



Shoe MFGs divide the market based on the demands made on shoes Of each activity. 22



Oily, dry, normal, dandruff, Are product benefits.

Segmentation basis Typical market segments

- Geographic:
- Region
- •
- City Population
- •
- Urban-rural
- Climate
- Demographic:
- Income
- •
- Age
- •
- Gender
- Family life cycle
- •
- Social class

•

New England, Middle Atlantic, and other census regions Under 25,000; 25,001-100,000; 100,001-500,000; 500,001-1,000,000; etc. Urban, suburban, rural Hot, cold, sunny, rainy, cloudy

Under \$10,000; \$10,001-\$25,000; \$25,001-\$35,000; \$35,001-\$50,000; over \$50,000 Under 6, 6-12, 13-19, 20-34, 35-49, 50-64, 65 and over Male, female Young, single; young, married, no children, etc. Upper class, upper middle, lower middle, upper lower, etc

Segmentation basis Typical market segments (cont.)

- Demographic (cont.):
- Education
- •
- Occupation
- •
- Ethnic background
- Psychographic:
- Personality
- •
- Life-style
- •
- Values

Grade school only, high school graduate, college graduate Professional, manager, clerical, sales, student, homemaker, unemployed African, Asian, European, Hispanic, Middle Eastern, etc.

Ambitious, self-confident, aggressive, introverted, extroverted, sociable Activities (golf, travel); interests (politics, art); opinions (conservation, capitalism) Values and Life-Styles